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H3f3b Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP21780b

Specification

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application	**WB,E**
Primary Accession	P84244
Reactivity	**Mouse**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Calculated MW	**15328**

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 15078;15081

Other Names
Histone H33, H3f3a, H33a

Target/Specificity
This H3f3b antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 103-136 amino acids from mouse H3f3b.

Dilution
WB~~1:2000
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

Name H3-3a {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P84243}

Function Variant histone H3 which replaces conventional H3 in a wide range of nucleosomes in active genes. Constitutes the predominant form of histone H3 in non-dividing cells and is incorporated into chromatin independently of DNA synthesis. Deposited at sites of nucleosomal

displacement throughout transcribed genes, suggesting that it represents an epigenetic imprint of transcriptionally active chromatin. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

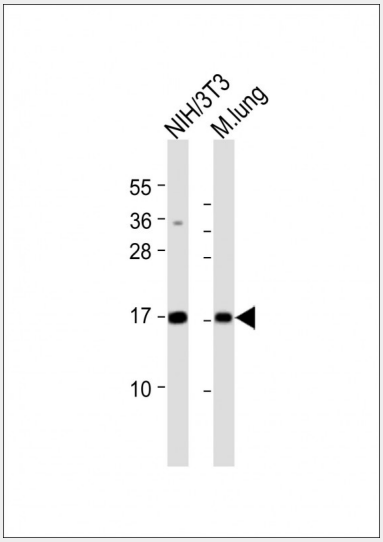
Cellular Location
Nucleus. Chromosome.

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) at 1:8000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: mouse lung lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 15 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

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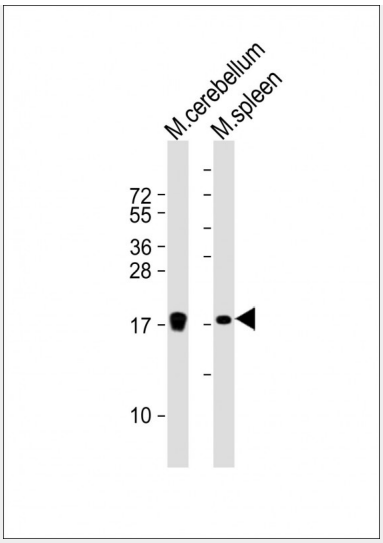

All lanes : Anti-H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: mouse cerebellum lysate Lane 2: mouse spleen lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 15 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Variant histone H3 which replaces conventional H3 in a wide range of nucleosomes in active genes. Constitutes the predominant form of histone H3 in non-dividing cells and is incorporated into chromatin independently of DNA synthesis. Deposited at sites of nucleosomal displacement throughout transcribed genes, suggesting that it represents an epigenetic imprint of transcriptionally active chromatin. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

H3f3b Antibody (C-Term) - References

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